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CUBA.

Smallpox and yellow fever in Cuban seaports.

The United States consul at Sagua la Grande reports 110 cases and 10 deaths from yellow fever during the week ended November 14.

The United States consul at Matanzas reports 14 deaths from yellow

fever during the week ended November 18.

Under date of November 17 the United States consul at Cienfuegos reports that during the week ended November 15 there were in that city 9 deaths from yellow fever and 1 from smallpox.

The United States sanitary inspector at Habana reports 260 new cases and 104 deaths from yellow fever and 33 deaths from smallpox during

the week ended November 19.

HABANA, CUBA, November 21, 1896.

SIR: I have the honor to inform you that there were 332 deaths in this city during the week ended November 19, 1896. One hundred and four of these deaths were caused by yellow fever, with 260 new cases approximately; 33 were caused by smallpox, with approximately 230 new cases; 14 were caused by enteric fever, 6 by so-called pernicious fever, 5 by paludal fever, 17 by dysentery, 9 by enteritis, 1 by glanders, 3 by pneumonia, and 38 by tuberculosis.

It is important to notice that 101 of the deaths by yellow fever during the week were among Spanish soldiers in the various military hospitals of the city and immediate suburbs, while only the remaining

3 out of the whole number of 104 were among civilians.

All of the 33 deaths from smallpox were among civilians only, as

has been the case for several weeks.

Although the weather is a little cooler, with thermometer ranging from 80° to 82° F., no real "norther" has occurred yet. Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

D. M. Burgess,

Sanitary Inspector, U.S. M. H. S.

EGYPT.

Egypt officially declared free from cholera.

CAIRO, EGYPT, October 27, 1896.

SIR: Referring to my No. 158, I have now the honor to advise you that Egypt is officially declared to be free from cholera. No new case or death has occurred for ten days.

I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant,

FREDERIC C. PENFIELD,

United States Agent and Consul-General.

Hon. Assistant Secretary of State.

JAPAN.

Smallpox in Kobe.

Under date of November 21, 1896, a cablegram was received by the Department of State, announcing the presence of smallpox in Kobe.